## **CLAIMS**

## What Is Claimed Is:

- 1. A polymer-based mirror, comprising:
- a transparent synthetic resin substrate having an anterior surface and a posterior surface;
- a tie-bond layer formed on said anterior surface and said posterior surface of said synthetic resin substrate;
- a multi-layer surface-hardening coating formed by a single wet coating cured adjacent to said tie-bond layer on said anterior surface and said posterior surface of said synthetic resin substrate;
- a reflective coating formed adjacent to one of said tie-bond layer on said posterior surface of said synthetic resin substrate and said surface-hardening coating; and
  - a protective back-coat layer formed as an outer posterior surface of said mirror.
- 2. The polymer-based mirror of Claim 1, wherein the multi-layer surface-hardening coating has varying amounts of  $Z_v(iPv)_2$  and  $SiO_2$  from anterior substrate surface to an exterior surface of the surface-hardening coating.
- 3. The polymer-based mirror of Claim 1, wherein three layers are provided in the surface-hardening coating with a first layer including the exterior surface having a zirconia/silica colloid concentration of approximately 75% by weight.
- 4. The polymer-based mirror of Claim 3, wherein a second layer adjacent the first layer has approximately 10% by weight zirconia/silica colloid concentration.
- 5. The polymer-based mirror of Claim 4, wherein a third layer adjacent the tie-bond layer has approximately 15% by weight zirconia/silica colloid concentration.
- 6. The polymer-based mirror of Claim 5, wherein the tie-bond layer is cathodic chemabsorbed zirconia/silica formed in the single wet coating.
- 7. The polymer-based mirror of Claim 5, wherein the reflective coating is multilayered.

- 8. The polymer-based mirror of Claim 5, wherein a total thickness of the three layers is between 3 and 10 microns.
- 9. The polymer-based mirror of Claim 1, wherein the multi-layer surface-hardening coating has an exterior surface of cathodic zirconia/silica colloids to provide a hydrophobic coating.
- 10. The polymer-based mirror of Claim 1, wherein the multi-layer surface-hardening coating has an exterior surface of anodic zirconia/silica colloids to provide a hydrophilic coating.
- 11. The polymer-based mirror of Claim 1, wherein the multi-layer surface-hardening coating has an exterior surface that is enabled to be one of hydrophobic and hydrophilic depending on an applied pH level to the exterior surface.
  - 12. A method of forming a polymer-based mirror comprising the steps of:

    providing a synthetic resin substrate of a pre-determined configuration;

    preparing a liquid sol-gel having a predetermined precursor concentration of
    zirconia/silica colloid particles;

applying a liquid sol-gel having a predetermined precursor concentration of zirconia/silica colloid particles to the synthetic resin substrate until a pre-determined thickness is provided;

permitting the zirconia/silica colloid particles to migrate and orientate in the liquid sol-gel to enable a subsequent formation of an abrasion resistant exterior coating;

curing the liquid sol-gel to form a solid abrasion resistant exterior coating; applying a reflective layer to one side of the coated synthetic resin substrate; and sealing the reflective layer.

- 13. The method of Claim 12 wherein the liquid sol-gel includes a polysiloxane carrier.
- 14. The method of Claim 13 wherein the precursor zirconia/silica forms an approximately 75% concentration by weight adjacent an exterior surface as a first layer.

- 15. The method of Claim 14 wherein a second layer of zirconia/silica forms an approximately 10% concentration by weight adjacent the first layer.
- 16. The method of Claim 15 wherein a third layer of zirconia/silica forms an approximately 15% concentration by weight between the second layer and the synthetic resin substrate.
- 17. The method of Claim 16 wherein a cathodic chemabsorbed zirconia/silica layer is formed between the third layer and the synthetic resin substrate.
- 18. The method of Claim 12 further including applying a predetermined pH liquid solution to the exterior coating to form one of a hydrophobic and a hydrophilic surface by causing the zirconia/silica particles to be one of cathodic and anodic.
- 19. The method of Claim 18 further including applying an aqueous solution of approximately 20 percent by weight NaOH to the exterior coating to form a hydrophilic surface.
- 20. The method of Claim 12 wherein in the step of preparing a liquid sol-gel, the following sub-steps are performed comprising:

mixing a partial hydrolysis of tetraethoxysilane with a solution including ZrO<sub>2</sub> percursor to consume all of the water to provide a ZrO<sub>2</sub> doped SiO<sub>2</sub> solution; and dispersing the ZrO<sub>2</sub> doped SiO<sub>2</sub> solution in a polysiloxane liquid carrier.

21. The method of Claim 12 wherein in the step of preparing a liquid sol-gel, the following sub-steps are performed comprising:

mixing a full hydrolysis of tetramethoxysilane oligomer in water with a solution including a  $ZrO_2$  percursor in a polar solvent to provide an anatose-type  $ZrO_2$ ; and

dispersing the anatase-type ZrO<sub>2</sub> solution in a polysiloxane liquid carrier.

22. The method of Claim 12 wherein in the step of preparing a liquid sol-gel, the following sub-steps are performed comprising:

mixing sodium metasalicate with water at a balanced pH of 1; adding zirconyl chloride while stirring; emulsifying the mixture in ethanol;

adding hexamethylenetetramine and urea; filter and wash with ethanol to form an anatase ZrO<sub>2</sub> sol-gel; and dispersing the anatase ZrO<sub>2</sub> sol-gel in a polysiloxane liquid carrier.

- 23. A polymer optical component comprising:
  - a synthetic resin substrate having a first surface; and
- a gradient zone surface-hardening coating formed on the synthetic resin substrate having a higher concentration of zirconia/silica particles adjacent an exterior surface and a progressively lesser concentration of zirconia/silica particles between the exterior surface and the synthetic resin substrate, the zirconia/silica particles are one of a cathodic and anodic polarity while providing an abrasion resistant and water resistant coating.
- 24. The polymer optical component of Claim 23 wherein the first surface has a chemabsorbed cathodic layer of zirconia/silica.
- 25. The polymer optical component of Claim 24, wherein three layers are provided in the surface-hardening coating with a first layer including the exterior surface having a zirconia/silica particle concentration of approximately 75% by weight, a second layer adjacent the first layer having a zirconia/silica particle concentration of approximately 10% by weight and a third layer adjacent the synthetic resin substrate having a zirconia/silica particle concentration of approximately 15% by weight.
- 26. The polymer optical component of Claim 25 wherein the synthetic resin substrate is transparent and a multi-layered reflective coating is provided adjacent a second surface of the synthetic resin substrate to provide a mirror.